

THE WHO PLANTS A TREE

ONE OF THE LYNCHBURG TREES

COULD "Johnny Appleseed" find his way to thousands of our schools this fall he would see something that would well repay him for all the weary miles he walked planting apple seeds years ago. In many states Arbor day comes this fall, but the school children of the country promise to make almost every day Arbor day this year and during the spring of 1920. Hundreds of towns and cities have been entered on the national honor roll being compiled by the American Forestry association at Washington. The association hopes to see every young American citizen become a "Johnny Appleseed, Jr."

You remember the story of Johnny Appleseed, as they called him, who, many years ago, went up and down the land planting apple-tree seeds? That was not his real name, but that is what he came to be called. Of course a lot of people laughed at him, for there were so many trees then. Many thought him crazed. But now his idea is taken to be a good one. For many things have happened since the day of Johnny Appleseed. The world war has set our people thinking about many things. One of these things has been the way lumber is being consumed. Then, too, there is the high cost of living that agitates everyone. In many places the planting of nut and fruit trees is advocated, and a campaign is on to have every victory garden plant a nut or fruit tree in its garden or back yard. Another fine opportunity for planting is memorial trees along the motor highways and good roads that are in the process of building. To those ends of the American Forestry association the people of the country are responding in hearty fashion. So to the school children of the country comes a great chance to enter actively into the study of outdoor life through the planting of trees. The American Forestry association will send you one a free planting day program and instructions how to plant a tree.

Coming Arbor days are: Georgia, first Friday in December; Hawaii, first Friday in November; Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, South Dakota, Virginia, Wisconsin, Washington, and Wyoming all have days set aside by proclamation of the governor; North Carolina, Friday after November 1; Porto Rico, last Friday in November; South Carolina, third Friday in November; Tennessee, November date set by county school superintendents. With this day before us, Charles Lathrop Clark, president of the American Forestry association, sends this message to the school children of the United States:

"No finer memorial can be erected by any school or class than by the planting of a tree. Every pupil will have a close and intimate interest in that tree and therefore the school after he leaves. I need not attempt to picture what that tree or avenue of trees will mean to the class of 1920 when it comes back to the old school for the class reunion in 1940. A space on the campus or a walk near the town can be lined with trees, and for each member of the class. The American Forestry association is registering all memorial trees in a national honor roll and urges that all tree planting be reported that it may keep its rolls complete."

What Is Best to Plant.
Last spring and fall hundreds of trees were planted, but much bigger plans have been made for tree planting this year and next. If you are not planting fruit or nut trees you will want to study what best to plant and here is a list of such trees divided for you by states:

New England states, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Missouri and Iowa: Hardwood—Sycamore, maple, American white elm, red oak, black oak, pin oak, white ash, bald cypress, Norway maple, scarlet maple, red elm, American white elm, American coffee tree, American linden, red gum, black gum, hickberry, willow. Evergreen—White pine, longleaf pine, magnolia, live oak, cedar of Lebanon, American holly.

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas: Hardwood—Tulip, sycamore, maple, American white elm, red oak, black oak, pin oak, white ash, bald cypress, Norway maple, scarlet maple, red elm, American white elm, American coffee tree, American linden, red gum, black gum, hickberry, willow. Evergreen—White pine, longleaf pine, magnolia, live oak, cedar of Lebanon, American holly.

Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana and Idaho: Hardwood—Birch oak, linden, Norway maple, green ash, hickberry, honey locust, black elm, black walnut, black cherry, locust, box elder, Scotch pine, Austrian pine, white pine, Norway spruce, Colorado blue spruce, white spruce, red cedar, arbor vitae.

New Mexico, Arizona, Utah and Nevada: Hardwood—Hickberry, honey locust, green ash, American elm, black locust, bur oak, valley cottonwood, mountain cottonwood, mountain ash, box elder. Evergreen—Arbor vitae, deodar cedar, box, cypress.

California, Oregon and Washington (coast region): Hardwood—Large-leaved maple, European linden, sycamore, weeping willow. Evergreen—Deodar cedar, Monterey cypress, Monterey pine.

California, Oregon and Washington (Columbia

Smallest Republic in the World

The smallest republic in the world, so far as area is concerned, is St. George, situated in an almost inaccessible part of the Balearic Islands. St. George is hardly a square mile in area, with a population of practically 130 persons, who rule themselves. The president is elected by a council of twelve, chosen for five years by the

TOO MUCH TO BEAR.

"Amelia," said old Mr. Blinderton as he finished his dinner. "I'm going to ask you to do me a favor. I want you to give your young man, Mr. Bluff, a good thrashing. I don't want to see him any more. He's a nuisance to me. Amelia blushed and looked down at her plate. "Tell him," her bluff old parent went on. "That I don't object to his staying here and running up my gas bill, but that I do object to his carrying the morning paper away with him when he leaves!"

Fish Are Slippery Customers

Almost every variety of fish is slippery and hard to hold when first caught. This is due to a sort of mucus exuded through the scales, and is of the greatest importance to all slimy creatures. One of the important functions of the fish's slimy coating is to protect it from the attacks of fungus, a form of plant life found

in all waters. If the fish is so injured that some spot becomes uncovered by slime, a barely visible fungus will be likely to lodge there, and when it is once lodged the process of reproduction is very rapid. It soon extends over the gills and kills the fish. The primary purpose of the slime of the fish is to reduce its friction when

in motion through the water, and thereby increase its rate of speed.

It also serves as a cushion to the scales, which it thus protects from many injuries.

No Disgrace to Be Hypnotized.

An idiot or a person without considerable ability in concentrating his mind can not be hypnotized. The fact that one has been hypnotized is proof that he can hold his mind on one subject. It is, therefore, not to his discredit, but rather the contrary.

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members in a number of classes. By 1840 the schedule had grown so unwieldy that for each family there were as many as 70 spaces in which entries might be made. In this period there could be no tabulation of statistics in the modern sense of the word.

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LATEST STYLES IN GOWNS AND HATS

Pannier Returns and Hoops About Hips May Be Seen—Sleeves at Vanishing Point.

BLACK AND WHITE POPULAR

Colors Form Favorite Combination at French Resorts—Stripes in Narrow and Wide Arrangements—Skirts Are Very Short.

From all signs this will be a decisive season in Paris in so far as fashion creation is concerned. The designers seem to have taken on their old accustomed stride. They have turned their efforts unreservedly to leadership in the world of style.

To aid them in this crucial moment there are arriving from the United States, from South America, and from England hosts of buyers and fashion experts to watch the latest developments. This is almost a new experience, for through the last five years only the most favored of buyers have been allowed to cross the water and only a few of the dressmakers have kept up their work with anything like pre-war vigor.

American women during the war have developed a style all their own. They are dressing now as suits the climate of their life and their purses, which are quite different from the French woman's. And one sympathizes with the buyers, who wonder whether their clients at home will refuse to accept the wonderful things brought over from France. If their eyes are trained only for beauty they will be dazzled into letting all their accumulated notions of dress go by

mors of hoops about the hips and even about the bottoms of the skirts. The sleeves now in vogue can hardly be called sleeves. They actually are just a little strip of material over the top of the shoulder. In most instances that is all, and the Parisians wear them fearlessly for morning and afternoon. In the evening there is no sign to be seen of sleeves.

Even the blouses for wear with tailored suits are scantily equipped as to sleeves. They will be quite high at the neck, buttoning up under the chin most uncomfortably on a hot day, and then they will have these little, inadequate sleeves—that is, they are inadequate for anything except setting off a good-looking arm.

Indeed, a Frenchwoman's dress of the present mode is little more than two strips of material sewed together and cut kimono fashion, though the lines of her frock are not flowing; they follow the outline of her figure. Evening gowns, far from being an exaggerated degree. The economical use of material there extends to the neckline, which not only opens at back to the waist, but sometimes below that point. These gowns are low in front, and all that is used for the bodices are two pointed strips of material on either side of the front. In order to keep this on there are strings of jewels or beads attached to the points strung around the neck, and from the back of the neck strung to the waistline again. It is the fabric of the evening gown that counts for everything and its draping.

Favorite Color Combination. Black and white is by all odds the favorite color combination at the French resorts at this time of the year. Black and white stripes, since early spring, have been very good for sepa-



An afternoon hat of unusual merit. The skeleton ostrich feathers make a striking trimming for this exquisite headgear of velvet.

the board and the conservatives at home will not be suited.

At this time of the year all of France, as all of the rest of the world, seeks a cool spot; and so it is at Deauville and the other resorts by the sea-side that one looks upon the fashionable array of crowd of women wearing striped dresses. The trend of the times as regards dress, they are wearing the very latest things from a French point of view, and, of course, the majority of the fall fashions will follow in some respects the lines favored last year.

Skirts Are Very Short. Well, the tendency is all in the direction of the skirts that are shorter than anything America has ever worn or even dreamed about. You hear it said that the Parisians are wearing their skirts very long, but when you see them with their skirts actually extending below their knees, so that when their arms are raised the skirt pulls above the knee, you know what a short skirt really is. It is easy on material and is extremely good looking when the figure of the wearer can stand the strain. The skirts are tight, too, but what matters that when their length is what it is? No trouble about taking a good, long step in a dress of this character. Then the skirts, to the bottom of the skirts, leaving, in fact, only about two or three inches of the skirt to be seen. The coats are either strictly tailored or they show a little fullness about the hips. That tells a story of forthcoming fullnesses of even greater volume.

It is so with the dresses. Always there is a slight gathering at the waist. It is the pannier that is giving us the broad highway of fashion. As yet it is not large enough nor full enough to be alarming, though there are ru-

rate silk dresses and for suits, as well as for topcoats. Now the new woolly fabrics are appearing, and they show these stripes in wide and narrow arrangements.

Then there is the black gown with the white hat; that is the most effective. This season they are wearing over the white hat, which is sans trimmings, a black, lacy veil. This makes the costume even more effective. The veil does not necessarily cover the face—in fact, it rarely does—but its lacy pattern is so distributed that the white showing through the black transparent pattern makes a trimming of its own.

Hats Without Trimming. The hats, as a forecast of fall headgear, are mostly without trimming. The style is all in the line, but how that line is obtained is a complete mystery. Upon examination the riddle only becomes more complicated. There seems to be nothing there except a band of something stiff to fit about the head. The crown and the brim are entirely without inner stiffening or explanation. It is all in the wizard who causes it to be. Yet when this something stiff takes a shape and form that commend it to any wearer. It seems to have been made to set off at its best that face alone, and while you cannot say that the hat is round or oval or square or long, still, it has shape.

The felt blocked hats worn with midseason gowns are rounded as to crown and as to brim and are to turn up at the same distance from the head and the only trimming for the hat is a silk band of the same color. Hats of this character in beige and taupe worn with navy blue suits are effective. Then there is another variation of this hat done in duvetyne.

Even Hose Are Beaded. So much is demanded as beads that many shops are showing beaded silk stockings to match the beaded frocks with which they are to be worn. Of course, these beaded stockings are expensive, but they are new and according to one's fancy pleasing.

Among the useful garments to be included in the summer wardrobe is the cape of knitted worsted. One noted recently was in blue and had a large collar of gray angora.

WASHINGTON CITY SIDELIGHTS

Importance of America's Future Naval Program

WASHINGTON.—Uncle Sam's future naval program is beginning to assume greater importance than ever because of the trend of events in the Pacific. Japan has gained a dominating position in the Orient and by virtue of her exploitation of China is destined to become a power of such proportions and resources that she will be able at any time to challenge the control of the Pacific.

Japan is building a great navy as rapidly as her resources permit. At present her naval strength is estimated at less than half that of the United States, but she is specializing in the construction of fast battle cruisers, which many naval authorities believe will be the determining factor in future naval warfare. The Japanese naval program now under way will provide 73 cruisers of all classes, compared with 47 cruisers of all classes in the American navy.

With the Philippines unfortified at Japan's door, with the Hawaiian islands insufficiently fortified in the middle of the Pacific and containing a preponderant Japanese population, and with Japan acquiring the German archipelagos in between, many statesmen are of the opinion that the United States should not neglect to maintain a greater naval strength than Japan's in all types of craft as insurance against trouble in the Pacific.

Of course such views are not entertained by those who believe that the League of Nations is going to banish war forever.

It is noteworthy, however, that President Wilson deemed it important to send Admiral Rodman to the Pacific with an American fleet stronger in many respects than Japan's most available fleet.

Naval officials estimate that most of the ships authorized in the 1916 program will have been completed by next year and all of them by the summer of 1921. This will give the United States 41 first-class dreadnaughts, 21 battle-ships of the second class, six battle cruisers, ten scout cruisers, 400 destroyers, and 131 submarines.

Will "Gob" Also Be Put in Davy Jones' Locker?

OFFICIAL Washington is smiling over the episode of "Josephus and the Gob." Which is to say that out in San Francisco Secretary of the Navy Daniels fell victim of the word "gob." "It is a short, ugly word, and I don't like it," said the secretary. "It's not worthy of the men of our splendid fleet," and thereupon the honorable secretary consigned gob to the same fate which has already befallen starboard, port, rum, whisky, grog and dress uniforms.

But out at the Great Lakes naval training station near Chicago the gobs apparently don't agree with Josephus. From the commandant to the newest gob they agree that the navy, far from disliking "gob" regards it with affection, respect, love, worship, veneration, delight and some other minor emotions, none of which are in the least like those felt by Mr. Daniels. Anyway, here is the reply that comes from Chicago—which is the cause of Washington's smiles:

"This 'gob' is not a pretty word," the secretary said. "It is not only too absurd, but doesn't sound well-bred. And so, to me, it has occurred to knock it in the head."

"Aho-ee there," arose a cry from out a thousand throats. "Avast, helms! Likewise stand by, and man the second boat! At last this here Josephus guy has got the navy goals."

"He changed our run to liquids light"—they checked some bitter souls—"He turned the 'starboard' into 'right' and still we held our jobs! But now, by gosh, we quit—we fight—stand fast, there—WE ARE GOBS."

To Understand Scenery Now Enjoyed Emotionally

THIS is the day of emotional enjoyment of national park scenery. Tomorrow is to be the day of appreciative enjoyment of national park scenery. In other words, various factors in the national movement have united in a campaign of education of the people so that they may double their enjoyment by having an understanding of the scenery they now enjoy only emotionally.

A work of this scope is a large undertaking. Nevertheless, this fact helps to lessen the undertaking. The national parks of America are not only the sublimest areas of natural beauty easily accessible, but are also the completest expression of the history of the earth in its making. Moreover nature has spread her records so that anybody with understanding may read; they are accessible to all.

When the day of the understanding of scenery comes and the American tourist views with real appreciation the stream-bed Grand Canyon abysses, the giant crater of a vanished volcano that holds Crater Lake, the Yosemite and the glacier-dug; the naked granite core of the Rockies in Rocky mountain, and the old, old ice-carved shales of many-colored Colorado. For no man can take out from greater in proportion to his knowledge. For no man can take out from nature's beauty more than he puts in—which is to say that we enjoy according to our experience and capacity.

Why Mexicans Know Americans Can and Will Fight

SOME of the members of congress from the border states are all "het up" over the Mexican situation and say some forcible things in debate. Representative Hudspeth of Texas, a Democrat, made a speech the other day and said among other things, in connection with the Emerson resolution, which directs intervention:

"You may say it means war. I say it does not mean war. They have not forgotten that Santa Anna was almost to the City of Mexico with 6,000 troops and whipped Santa Anna at Buena Vista. They have not forgotten when Gen. Winfield Scott visited Mexico and whipped Santa Anna at Chapultepec. Santa Anna had 25,000 troops and Scott had only 5,000. They have not forgotten that the 'gringos' can and will fight. They have not forgotten that Santa Anna and his 680 conscript and militia troops were almost to the City of Mexico with 6,000 troops and whipped Santa Anna at Buena Vista. They have not forgotten when Gen. Winfield Scott visited Mexico and whipped Santa Anna at Chapultepec. Santa Anna had 25,000 troops and Scott had only 5,000. They have not forgotten that the 'gringos' can and will fight. They have not forgotten that Santa Anna and his 680 conscript and militia troops were almost to the City of Mexico with 6,000 troops and whipped Santa Anna at Buena Vista. 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Lilia Balm

Treatments

CATARRH or ASTHMA TREATMENT, \$6.00, SIX DOLLARS.

RHEUMATISM KIDNEY TROUBLE, Full Treatment \$11.00, ELEVEN DOLLARS.

SKIN TROUBLE, Any form, \$15.00 FIFTEEN DOLLARS.

LIVER TROUBLE—GALL STONES "No operation" \$15.00, FIFTEEN DOLLARS.

APPENDICITIS, "BOWEL TROUBLE" \$15.00 FIFTEEN DOLLARS

Blood and Stomach Remedy \$1.00 per bottle—Six bottles for \$5.00. Special prices by the gross to Doctors, Hospitals and State Institutions.

Address all Orders to the
ROCHE-A-CRI MEDICINE CO.
PLAINFIELD, WIS.

Deferred Spending

Is the most profitable practice in the world. It consists in laying aside a certain part of your income, so as to have it to spend in later life.

After the "earning period" of life has passed, spending still continues to the end and you will then need the money that has accumulated for this Deferred Spending.

Deposit your money for Deferred Spending in this bank, where it will not only be earning interest, but subject to call when needed.

Wood County National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wis.
"The Big Bank on the Corner"

NOTE OUR RAPID GROWTH

Below we give a Comparative Statement of our deposits taken from our official report to the Commissioner of Banking on the several dates mentioned. Take notice that our deposits doubled in a short time.

DEPOSITS

Dec. 31st, 1918	\$ 62,591.23
March 4th, 1919	67,893.99
June 30th, 1919	72,027.27
Sept. 12th, 1919	100,246.34
Nov. 17th, 1919	121,919.02
Dec. 31st, 1919	133,240.64

We attribute this splendid growth to the efficient banking service we are giving to patrons. No account is too large or too small to be accorded the prompt and careful attention that a patron deserves.

STATE BANK OF VESPER

Total Reserves over \$150,000.00

Methods of Handling Savings Accounts

On the methods of handling business for the customers depends the satisfaction of the customers.

On the satisfaction of the customer depends his friendliness for the First National Bank.

On the customers friendliness for the bank depends the number of friends he will bring as new customers to the First National Bank.

On the number of new customers he brings depends the growth of the First National Bank.

THEREFORE

On the methods of handling business in our Savings Department depends our growth.

From \$340,000.00 to \$462,000.00 was our growth in Savings Deposits last year.

The First National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wis.

"The Bank That Does Things for You."

COUNTY ROAD BIDS TO BE LET EARLY

Another step toward assuring the completion of the paving work between Grand Rapids and Marshall was taken by County Highway Commissioner Ed Morris, the County Highway Committee and Division Engineer, F. F. Mengel, Tuesday when they decided to have the plans for the road in shape by the middle of February, that the contractors could make their bids at that time. The earlier indications were that it would be impossible to have the plans completed until some time in March, which would mean that the bidders would probably not be given a chance to figure on the work until the latter part of the month. The fact that there is considerable work going in in Wisconsin next year has made it imperative that the work be let early when there are still contractors to do the work.

According to Harry Thomas, Chairman of the County Committee, the present plan is to split the work up into about five jobs of approximately five and a fraction miles each, there being a total of twenty-seven miles. This will let any large contractor who can handle a large volume of work a chance to bid on one or more jobs if he desires, but at the same time lets the smaller contractors have a chance to bid on a single job. There is approximately \$650,000 to put the work over the next summer and the only thing that makes the proposition look doubtful at all is that there may be a car shortage.

While it is probable that the plans will not be completed in every detail by the middle of the month they will be far enough along so that the contractors can get a close estimate of the yardage. The fact that the state is letting several big jobs early in February, that it is the intention of the county highway work to get things in operation as early as possible this spring, makes the new decision one which may prove to be of importance when the completion of the work is considered.

NORMINGTON TEAM WON FROM THOMPSON'S NINE

In what was probably one of the first indoor baseball games played in this city in many years last Friday night the Normington team defeated the Thompson team by a score of 36 to 21. The game was played in the Armory and was the first of a series of games which will be played by a number of newly organized teams. The score indicated pretty well the relative strength of the teams, both being rather heavy hitters, driving the ball into the outfield lots on rather numerous occasions. Lack of practice in a few instances is blamed for an occasional error which crept in despite the air tight display that the organization put up. There is some talk of organizing a league of indoor base ball teams in the city this winter, utilizing the armory for a gymnasium and putting it in use several nights a week. At the present time the building is leased by Company K from the owners, and while it is used occasionally for a dance or basketball game, is idle a great share of the time. Backers of the new athletic movement hope to reach some agreement with the Company whereby they can use the building for baseball and other sports.

COUNTY BOUGHT SPORTS AND PURE BRED HOLSTEIN

The County Poor Committee, including Geo. W. Brown, Frank Whitcomb and Ernest Eichstadt, of Port Edwards, in company with James Chase, superintendent of the Poor Farm, closed a deal Saturday with J. C. Kieffer & Sons of Auburndale, which brought them into possession of one of the finest pure bred bulls in the county. The animal is a pure bred Holstein and is but a few weeks of age. He will be placed on the Poo Farm and be a sire to what Mr. Case expects to be one of the best of the new county. The animal cost \$125. While in session the committee closed a deal with the Johnson & Hill Co. for the purchase of a Sampson tractor, which will also go into use on the poor farm. The tractor is one of the machines which is made by the Janesville company, several having been sold through the local agency in this territory last season. A gang plow and drag also go with the tractor, the complete outfit coming to something over \$1100. With the new sire and machinery on the farm Mr. Case will soon be competing with some of the leading dairymen of this section.

Matt Schlig has received word from his son, Corp. Geo. Schlig, who went to Los Angeles, Calif., several weeks ago to recuperate his health, that he feels better since he has been out there and that he is of the opinion that the climate is helping him. Corp. Schlig has never recovered from being gassed while in France where he put in two years in the service.

John Van Ert, of Junction City, was a pleasant caller at the Tribune Wednesday while in the city on business. Mr. Van Ert states that the roads are pretty bad up his way and that he has been a little under the weather, but outside of a few of these incidents everything is going along in good shape.

CONSOLIDATED FIVE WON FROM ST. POINT DIVISION

The Consolidated basketball team of this city defeated the Stevens Point division of the Consolidated at the Armory Thursday evening, the score being 18 to 12 in favor of the Grand Rapids team. The game was a close one, the visitors from the start, running up a long lead and never being seriously endangered. A slippery floor prevented the game from being as fast as it might have been.

The Grand Rapids team opened up in the beginning with a field basket, scoring five in succession before the visitors discovered the fact that it was necessary to put the ball in the basket in order to score. With a ten point lead to overcome, they got into the game toward the end of the first half and scored four field baskets, bringing the score up to an eight to ten figure in favor of Grand Rapids at the end of the first half.

RUDOLPH

John Wilkins left Sunday evening to attend a convention in Milwaukee. He will also visit Chicago before his return.

Alvin Kujawa spent Sunday at home. Evelynja Crotteau returned home Sunday noon from a few days visit with her sister, Mrs. Bat Sharkey in your city.

Dick KKeyser returned home Saturday morning from your city where he had been on business.

N. G. Ratelle was a business caller at Stevens Point on Saturday.

Arthur and John Pittz spent Saturday and Sunday with their parents here. They are attending high school in your city.

A. J. Kujawa is confined to his home with a vatering in his ear. He had the doctor from your city on Monday.

THE MARRIAGE OF MR. LEO VAN ASTEN AND MISS MINNIE JOCKETS

The marriage of Mr. Leo Van Asten and Miss Minnie Jockets, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Jockets, Sr., took place at St. Philomena's Catholic church on Tuesday morning, Jan. 20th, at 9:30, Rev. Fr. Wagner officiating. Miss Mammie Jockets, sister of the bride, and Simon Van Asten, brother of the groom, acted as attendants. They were led to the altar by little George Costen, brother of the bride, and little Quinn Hartgering, brother of the groom. During the marriage ceremony a beautiful hymn was sung by Miss Minerva Peters. A wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents. Only the bride and groom's cakes were made by Sister Land, of St. Philomena's school. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Van Asten will leave Thursday for Kimberly where they will make their future home. The best wishes of their many friends go with them.

BRON

Leland Rochelleau bought a new milk cow the past week. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Horace Weaver on Sunday, Jan. 18, a baby boy. Wm. Geibel and crew of men have started cutting ice for our village. George McGraw is now working at the mill.

Louis Winkler of Paekwaucke visited with the Shearier family over Sunday.

Lester Rayome drove up to Rudolph Sunday and spent the night there.

Mrs. Akey is on the job again after a two weeks layoff with a lame arm.

John Horman was in our berg one day with a load of hay for the Rayome boys.

Mrs. Otto Fahl and Mrs. Curtis Crotteau of your city visited with the Leland Rochelleau family one day.

Pauline Shearier spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Archie Shearier.

Frank Barden of Greenwood was in our village Monday looking for work.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Witt were visitors at the Oleson and Kemyfert homes on Sunday.

Miss Rosie Pyrch was a visitor at her sisters, Mrs. Joe Klappa in our village.

Mr. Hallet was on the sick list a few days the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. U. Marvin and Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Markin and children were guests Sunday at the A. M. Dren home.

HIGHS LOST TO NEKOOSA FIVE LAST FRIDAY NIGHT

The Lincoln high school basketball team lost to Nekoosa at the Nekoosa high last Friday night by a score of 20 to 8, the game being better than the score would indicate. Grand Rapids started out with things pretty well their way, taking an early lead and holding it through the first half. The score at the end of the first period was 8 to 4 in favor of Grand Rapids. Nekoosa came back strong in the second half and with an unusual burst of speed took the lead and scored basket after basket. The result was that when the game ended the score was 20 to 8 in favor of Nekoosa. The down river lads having run up a total of twelve points while they held the local team without a score. A large crowd of local basketball enthusiasts accompanied the team to Nekoosa to witness the game. The lineup included Meunier, Miltenback, Plenk, Matthews and Gaulke. Plenk received a rather bad blow across the face during the game, breaking his nose and cutting open his forehead. Tieknor substituted for him in the second half. Later Holberg took Tieknor's place and toward the end of the game LeRoux took Holberg's place.

Mrs. Paul Graw and two children of Milwaukee are visiting with relatives in the city.

EAST RUDOLPH

The excessive snow of late has put the roads in rather bad shape, and in many places it is so deep that it is almost impossible for teams to pass.

On Tuesday morning when M. F. Matthews went out to the barn he found another pair of twin calves. He now has two pairs of twin calves. Johnnie Daly and Fred Geise were called at the Matthews home on Tuesday.

John Blonien has got his mill fixed up again and is kept busy grinding feed these days.

MARKET REPORT

Spring Roosters	22
Hens	22
Geese	20
Hides	15-16
Deer, dressed	13-14
Eggs	15
Perk	16-17
Yeast, dressed	18-20
Butter	52-57
Hay, Timothy	\$20-\$22
Middlings	2.53
Rye	1.50
Buckwheat, per cwt.	2.50
Oats	2.87
Wheat Flour	\$15.60
Rye Flour	8.40
Bran, cwt.	2.25
Potatoes, white stock	\$3.75-\$5
Triumphs	\$3.00

JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE!

9 - BIG DAYS - 9

THE FAIR

Grand Rapids Under Priced Store!

Every day from January 22nd to January 31st will be great days for the customers who take advantage of these bargains.

Dark Outing Flannel per yard	20c	Knit Combination Scarfs and Caps, value \$1.75, sale price	98c
89c Ladies dark Outing Petticoats sale price	75c	Mens leather Gloves and Mittens, value 65c, sale price per pair	59c
Dark Outing Rompers, sizes 1 to 6, 98c and \$1.25 values, sale price	89c and 98c	Mens wool Socks, value 59c, sale price per pair	48c
Ladies Grey Cashmerette Hose, value 39c, sale price	30c	Mens wool Socks, value 65c, sale price per pair	59c
Ladies Striped Aprons with Cap, value 59c, sale price only	48c	Mackinaws—Mens and Boys, from	\$4.98 to 10.98
\$1.25 Wool Serge in black, blue and red, sale price per yard	99c	Underwear—Mens fleece lined Shirts and Drawers, value \$1.25, sale price	98c
56 inch Khaki Broadcloth, value \$1.25, sale price per yard	99c	Mens Canvas Gloves, per pair	13c
Bed Sheets, ready made, 72x90 in., value \$1.59, sale price each	\$1.39	We have a fine line of Mens Wool Union Suits, ranging in price from	\$3.50 to \$5.50
We have a few Women's and Misses' Coats, Suits and Dresses which we are offering at nearly One-Half Off regular price.			
SWEATERS—10 per cent Discount on all Sweaters—Mens, Boys, Women and Childrens.			

Rubbers—We handle American White Oak Rubbers, also U. S. Red Rubbers. Prices guarantee to be the lowest in Grand Rapids.

THE FAIR

116 First St., Next Door to Ragans

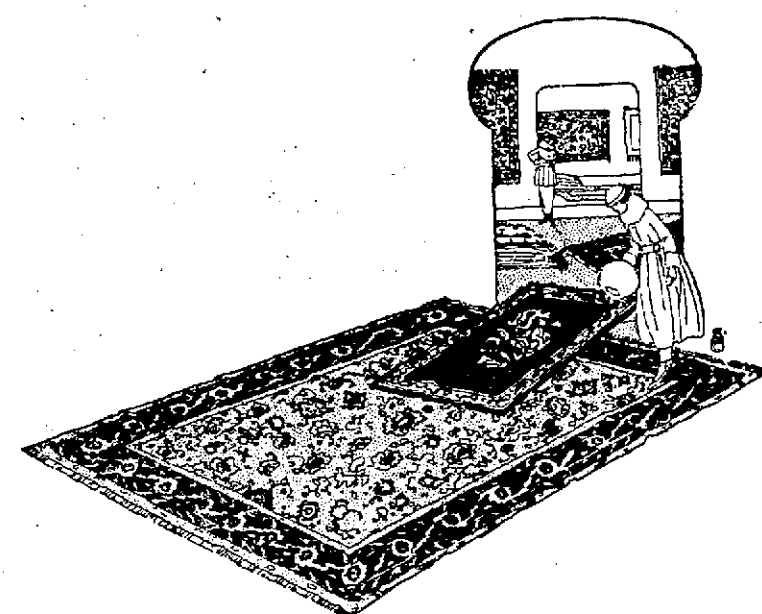
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

ECONOMY SALE

For the Rest of January

Savings from Our Rug Department

A 9x12 rug is most often in demand. It is quite the popular size and our rug department is equipped to care for your needs in Rugs of this size or smaller in Brussels, Teperac and Wiltons. Among these rugs is one at the price you wish to pay. Be sure and look these prices over very carefully.



3 Body Brussels, 9x12, \$42.00 value at	\$32.00
1 Silkirk Wilton, 9x12, \$70.00 value at	\$55.00
1 Bagdad Wilton, 9x12, \$73.50 value at	\$55.00
2 Teperac Wilton, 9x12, \$100 values at	\$87.00
1 Anglo-Indian Wilton, 9x12, \$104 values at	\$97.00
2 Anglo-Persian Wilton, 9x12, \$165 values at	\$140.00
2 Ardibel Wilton, 9x12, \$105 values at	\$89.00
These rugs are discontinued patterns or slightly soiled	
Wool and fibre rugs, 27x54 in. \$1.65 value at	\$1.46
Texelium mats, 18x36 in. each at	38c
10 Per Cent Discount on Crapty Cretone.	

ECONOMY PRICES IN FURNITURE

Everybody needs furniture and a visit to our Furniture Department will convince you that our prices are the lowest and quality the best. We are offering special prices on several articles and to all who are in the market it will mean real economy to visit this department. Below are listed a few of our special prices for this economy sale.

Heavy Solid Oak Rocker at	\$12.00	White Enamel Bed—full size with 2 inch post, 1 inch filling rods, at	\$10.00
Heavy Golden Oak Rocker at	\$16.50	White Enamel Bed—full size with 2 inch post, 1 inch filling rods, at	\$12.50
Heavy Fumed Oak Rocker at	\$10.00	Sewing Rockers at	\$5.00 and \$6.00
Oat Meal, per pound	5c	Combination Mattress—full size at	\$11.50
Camel Cigarettes, per carton	\$1.70	Mattress—full size, cotton felt, weight 55 lbs.	\$21.50

Don't Forget Our Price on Bran Saturday is Your Last Chance



A good Provider always finds Good Groceries the tie that binds!

No. 2 Lamp Burner 3c
No. 3 Lamp Burner 5c
Apples, Champion, in bulk, per bu. \$2.50
Delicious \$4.70

Economy Will Be Found in Our Pure Food Grocery

U. S. Administration License No. G.05364
Below are listed a few of our many bargains found in our Grocery Department. Notice our price on BRAN. Put in your supply now.

BRAN, net cash, per ton \$44.50

Bran Special, from Jan. 19th to Jan. 24th only

Lennox Soap, 5 bars	25c	Mustard, per jar	8c
N. J. C. Baking Powder, 1 lb. can	22c	Rising Sun Stove Polish	5c
Oat Meal, per pound	5c	Scouring Soap	5c
Camel Cigarettes, per carton	\$1.70	No. 1 Lamp Burner	2c
Jonathon, choice grade	\$3.20	Jonathon Fancy	\$3.50
Spitzenberg Fancy	\$3.70	Spitzenberg	\$3.40

Johnson & Hill Co.

GRAND RAPIDS,

WISCONSIN

Every Man That Has Used

"Red Oak" Cow Feed is A Booster For It

and for the very best reason, because it is as good a dairy as there is on the market and that is saying a good deal, for there are a great many different dairy feeds. We make this in our own mill, and it is a "balanced ration," made from the best milk producing feeds—and sold at a lower price than any other feed of equal value.

MCKERCHER & ROSSIER CO.

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.